## **EXHIBIT B**

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ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
        A review with 24 refs. Ziprasidone is a novel antipsychotic drug.
   AB
   has
        high affinity for serotonin 5-HT2 and dopamine D2
        receptors in vitro, with an 11-fold higher affinity for 5-HT2
        than for D2 receptors, suggestive of a low potential for inducing motor
        disturbance [including extrapyramidal symptoms (EPS)]. The effects of
        ziprasidone in receptor binding studies reflected its in vitro
  pharmacol.,
        with more potent effects against 5-HT2 receptor-than against D2
        receptor-mediated behavior. Because ziprasidone inhibits serotonin
        (5-hydroxytryptamine; 5-HT) and noradrenaline (norepinephrine) reuptake,
       it may have anxiolytic and antidepressant effects. Data from phase II
  and
       III clin. trials have shown ziprasidone to be effective in reducing the
       pos. and neg. symptoms of, and depression assocd. with, schizophrenia,
  and
       in reducing anxiety in patients about to undergo dental surgery.
       Ziprasidone was generally well tolerated in phase II and III clin.
  trials,
       with somnolence and nausea being the most frequently reported adverse
       events in placebo-controlled studies. Motor disturbances, including EPS,
  AN
       1997:593623 CAPLUS
 DN
       127:242699
 ΤI
       Ziprasidone
       Davis, Rick; Markham, Anthony
      Adis International Limited, Auckland, N. Z.
 CS
      CNS Drugs (1997), 8(2), 153-159
 SO
      CODEN: CNDREF; ISSN: 1172-7047
 PB
      Adis
 DT
      Journal; General Review
 LA.
      English
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trials,
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IT
     146939-27-7, Ziprasidone
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (ziprasidone for psychotic disorders)
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